The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1867. NO. 363.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Wilmington Journal.

THE GRAPE CULTURE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

We have received a letter from a gentleman residing in Kenansville, containing some allusion to the damage done to the crops in Duplin County, and showing that while the corn and cotton crop have suffered seriously from the recent rains and are now suffering to some extent from the drought, the grape crop—which he regrets to say is not very extensive—has not been injured at all, and the vines give every evidence of an abundant yield. The letter then goes on to argue the peculiar adaptation of our climate to grape culture, and the profit accruing therefrom when properly managed. The letter contains a lengthy enumeration of the various species of grape which can be profitably cultivated in this climate, and an argument in favor of a more extensive cultivation of this production by the planters of our State.

The cultivation of the grape for wine-making has been greatly neglected heretofore by our farmers, whose attention has been absorbed in the more important question of raising grain. We have no doubt, however, that in the course of time more attention will be paid to grape culture; but at present our farmers, though imbued with enterprise, cannot undertake it extensively.

The beneficial effects attendant upon purity in the manufacture of wines would be one of the happiest results in connection with this grape culture by our people, and from careful observations drawn from experience and reliable estimates, we have reason to believe that our climate is most favorable for their culture.

From a work on the cultivation of the vine by A. DuBrenil, Professor of Arboriculture and Viticulture in the Royal School of Arts and Trades in Paris, we extract the following table of the area of the vine in Europe, and the amount per acre, reduced to American acres and gallons:

	Acres.	Millions gallons.	Gallons per acre.
Austria and her provinces	2,685,950	714	265
Greece and her Islands	41,781	8	195
Italy	2,887,970	1,275	441
France	5,013,774	884	176
Spain	955,004	144	152
Portugal	238,751	26	107
Belgium, Switzerland, and Ionian Islands	112,212	4	33
German States	358,338	52	149

The aggregate number of acres under vine culture in Europe is 12,285,780.

The total average yield of wine per year is 3,107,039,000 gallons.

The editor argues that grape culture in this country must become far more profitable than it is in Europe.

To show the amount in value per acre produced in Europe, we give another table:

	Total Amount.	Per Acre.
Austria, and her provinces	$178,500,000	$ 866 46
Greece, and Grecian Islands	2 040,000	48 82
Italy	318,750,000	110 37
France	221,000,000	44 07
Spain	36,12 ,000	37 92
Portugal	6,375,000	26 70
Belgium, Switzerland		
Ionian Islands	942,500	8 50
German States	13 026 250	37 18

THE DAY OF SMALL THINGS.

We are living now in the day of small things. Small politics are taking the place of liberal statesmanship, and little men walk where formerly giants strode. It is lamentable to think that a great nation like this, with a history so luminous with great names, should now be the sport of peddling politicians, and be left to drift to destruction, for the lack of that ancient spirit of patriotism, and that chivalrous, unselfish devotion to the public welfare, which breathed into the Republic the breath of life. It is lamentable—but it is true.

The Federal Constitution was the work of many great minds. When it came from their hands, it was a marvelous production of far-seeing statesmanship, which challenged the admiration of mankind. Like every thing else of human origin, it had its imperfections, it is true, but as an entirety, the Fathers need not have wished for a nobler monument to perpetuate their fame.

For many years the nation flourished and grew great under that Constitution. It gave us peace and prosperity at home; respect, influence, and power abroad.

But these things are passed away. Today, we have neither peace (in any acceptable sense) nor prosperity at home—abroad, neither power nor influence. The meanest nations on the continent lose no opportunity to express their contempt for us,—while with Governments and people used to hold us in supreme respect, we are becoming but little better than a by-word and reproach.

The destruction of the Constitution was the preface to a state of things, which has a melancholy resemblance to the Decline and Fall. That was the only chart by which the ship of State could be navigated with safety. The chart is now broken to pieces, and the ship herself is under the control of what a Massachusetts statesman, not long since, not inaptly termed "a set of drunken mutineers."

In our school-boy days we used to read of Caius Marius sitting among the ruins of Carthage, and thought it a very sad illustration of the mutations attendant upon human greatness. But a more melancholy scene than that to the contemplative mind, is these latter days demagogues sitting in the Capitol contemplating the ruins of the noble fabric which cost Alexander Hamilton, Benjamin Franklin, John Rutledge, James Madison, and their compeers, so much of earnest, patriotic labor to build up for our benefit. It makes one think of the bats and the owls, and the creeping things, which haunt some noble old edifice, when it has fallen into decay from the assaults of war, or the undermining of vermin,—while we sigh for a return of the better days, when these things shall give place once more, to Men, Statesmen, Patriots, worthy of the country, and worthy of the age.

Meanwhile, the highest proof of patriotism is endurance, with an inextinguishable hope that all things, forbidding as they look at present, are, under a good Providence, working together for good. The Constitution, over the destruction of which the Stevenses, the Sumners, the Kellys, and the rest of the Radical conspirators, are just now holding high carnival, will yet be restored,—and under that restoration, we believe our country will resume the onward career of prosperity, which these bats and owls, and creeping things have temporarily interrupted. To hasten that auspicious day must be the work of the people themselves, and the very first step in that direction must be to drive the vermin from the capitol, of which they have been but too long the undisputed possessors.—*N. Y. Express.*

RECONSTRUCTION.—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-296-2aw10t President.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.
July 17-292-1f

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

commanded by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc. which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful. The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

REV. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C.; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala.; Bishop Wilmer, of La.; Gen'l Joe. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.
July 20-295-3m

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND, SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D. Prof. of the Practice Med.
R. R. Wellford, M. D. " Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D. " Physiology, &c.
James B. McCaw, M. D. " Chemistry.
Hunter McGuire, M. D. " Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D. " Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D. " General Pathology, &c.
J. H. White, M. D, Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

FEES: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
July 17-292-3taw2w2m

FOR SALE,

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT, BELONGing to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained untill the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
July 9-285-2awtd (Agent.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon,

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

April 3-1f W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine *Durham* Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

RICE'S MANUAL,

OF THE

U. S. BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1867,

WITH THE

Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceedings thereunder

CONVENIENTLY

Annotated, Classified and Arranged. Bound in Law Sheep—Price $5.

ALSO,

The Bankrupt Law, with all the Rules, Forms, &c., in Pamphlet. Price 25 cents.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
July 17-292-1f

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE,

VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION Commences on the 19th. of Sept. 1867.

In addition to the schools of Moral Philosophy, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Modern Languages, the board has established a school of

COMMERCIAL SCIENCE,

in which are taught the branches of a business education;—thus uniting the literary, scientific and practical. Young men studying for the ministry, and soldiers disabled by the late war, who are in necessitous circumstances, can attend free of tuition. All scholarships valid.

Expenses for ten months including meals, use of furniture, (averaged,) fuel, lights, washing, matriculation and contingent fee and tuition in three schools—so as to occupy the whole time—$300; one half payable at the begining of each term.

A daily line of hacks (Sundays excepted) runs from Roanoke Station, (Richmond & Danville Railroad,) to Boydton

Send for Circulars.

THOS. C. JOHNSON,
President.
Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., July 19-294-3w

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Finid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 15-290-3m Raleigh, N. C.

FINE MULES FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has FOUR LARGE FINE MULES for sale, which he wishes to sell *for cash*. Any one wishing to purchase would do well to call soon.

JAS. A. JOHNSON,
Barclaysville, Harnett Co.
July 17-292-1aw3t

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.

1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.

1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.

Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents

The best article for Travelling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

8-4 White and Black Crape Mourets. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas; positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Grains, for 1 30, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2,50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen. Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.
June 20-266-1c

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867. The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10,00 per month,	$100 00
Tuition, College Classes,	40 00
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30 00
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25 00

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,
L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-263-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;

" No. 2, $30,

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-1f Newbern, N. C.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes,

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, "I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 5-281-1f G. T. COOKE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, at the ensuing session of the General Assembly of N. C., application will be made for the incorporation of the "*Scotland Neck and Halifax Rail Road and Steamboat Transportation Company.*"
July 29-288-4t

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE AND GOLD BOOKS:

Goldsmith, Tennyson,
Wordsworth, Longfellow,
Hood, Ossian,
Coates, Bailees,
Moore, Scott,
McCauley, Mrs. Hemans,
Miss Mulock, Morris,
Wells, Milton,
Paynes, Byron,
Burns, Campbell, Hemans, Coleridge.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, PARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-1f

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9,30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2,30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10,30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3,50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4,30 P. M.
" " leaves "	6,30 A. M.

The mail trains make UNBROKEN connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-1f Gen. Supt.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDicine in Raleigh and its vicinity.

OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 3-278-1m

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL.)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1v

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be ran to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TABLE OF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2 50
" WEEK	12 50
" MONTH	35 00

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th, the Regular HACKS, FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

June 3-252-2m T. PAXSON, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD.....Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER 100 lbs. " " Twine to be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-1f
Standard and Progress copy.

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February. We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to sell well one must buy well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, PARRAR & CO.
June 23-268-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,
OIL PORTRAITS,
PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-1f

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enamelled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Old Antioch, Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot, Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon, Mace,
" Citronella, Nutmegs,
" Cloves, Angelica Root,
" Geranium, Orris "
" Lemon, Snake "
" Mirbane, Valerian "
" Nutmegs, Anise "
" Sassafras, Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen, Coriander "
Allspice, Fennel "
Cinnamon Bark, Gum Arabic,
Cloves, Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low*.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-1f Petersburg, Va.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd. The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 2-175-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided Interest of Joseph H. Boulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the Swamp known as the "ROUILHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. H. Mellas, Hardy Everett, and others, containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.
Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-3aw5w*

DANIEL PRATT'S GINS.

(50 SAWS).

We have one of these celebrated and reliable Gins in Store, which we will sell at manufacturers, prices, freight added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-tf

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1 00
For two months	2 00
Three months	2 50
Six months	5 00
One year	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5 00
" " six months	2 50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 00
" " six months	1 50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. H. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1867.

"Is it true that the former owners of slaves have lost all control over the blacks? Could not the planters and the leading men among the whites exercise influence enough over the freedmen to dissuade them from becoming the instruments of such men as Conway? This is a question which the elections in North Carolina may answer."

We find the foregoing enquiries in a late number of that excellent conservative journal, the Chicago *Times*. Why their solution should especially depend upon the elections to be held in North Carolina, we do not see, unless, as is probably the case, the *Times* would compliment the good sense and sober, steady and moderate character of our people, white and colored.

It is somewhat difficult to give a proper answer to these interrogatories. The blacks, when they wish counsel and advice on matters affecting their rights and interests, *outside of politics*, are pretty sure to consult their former owners or the respectable and responsible white gentlemen, to whom, all their lives, they have been accustomed to look up. When they need assistance, they will go at once to their quondam masters, and, in nine cases out of ten, they are never denied. The notion, however, seems to have crept into their heads, and is encouraged and fostered by a few of the native mean whites and the whole army of Radical emissaries,—principal among whom are the imported colored preachers,—that they do not *assert their freedom*, unless they vote in direct opposition to the known sentiments of those who formerly owned them. They are taught, by the kind of men, whom we have described, to ignore all the kindnesses, and to remember only the bitternesses, where such existed, that grew out of the relation of slavery. In one word, they are urged to array themselves, as a class, against the whites, as a class,—with this exception, that where a white man, were he the most harsh of negro traders in the past, repudiates his color and comes down to *their* level, he is made much of and greatly ovated.—Whether they will vote for such men remains to be seen. We think, under their blind leadings, they will do so for awhile, where a man of their own complexion, big with ambition, fails to present himself for their suffrage.

If the Editor of the *Times* were here on the spot, he would see that any decided or considerable effort, upon the part of the "leading men among the whites," to exercise influence over the blacks, looking to their deliverance from the wiles of their deceivers, would be construed as attempted intimidation or persecution. Represented in such a light, to which the negro, with the easy credulity of his nature, would only too readily yield, the effect would be still further to produce that antagonism which all good men at the South deplore, as an evil to both races, and especially to the blacks, whose real and best interests our people have much at heart.

No, under the workings of the political machinery of the Freedmen's Bureau, and under the insidious and inflammatory counsels of "such men as Conway," we anticipate nothing less than that the great bulk of the colored vote will be thrown in the interests of Radicalism. What then? Why the blacks, probably, having, owing to the deeply-to-be-regretted and inexcusable failure of the whites to register, and other causes, the numerical ascendancy, will clamor for office themselves, as soon as this fact is ascertained. Those who have sown the wind must then expect to reap the whirlwind. Those who have inflamed the negro mind with prejudice and passion have sought only their own selfish advancement. But when *he* wants office, they will have to stand aside and submit, far as such a result was from their original calculations. And what then? Why, when the North gets, in the halls of Congress, in the Military Academy, and in a thousand other ways, a good dose of negro equality, then will commence that revolution and re-action against the deluded blacks, which the Southern whites, the "former masters," with all their efforts, may find themselves impotent to stem or to divert from their devoted heads.

FERTILIZERS.—We have been told by some of the farmers that the fertilizers they bought in the Spring—guano for instance—did their crops no good, whilst others are gratified with the experiment. We merely mention the subject at this time, for the purpose of suggesting that the fertilizers used by some persons may have been adulterated inferior articles. Some method should be adopted to guard against the introduction of adulterated articles.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

We have heard the same complaints from those who have used what they supposed to be Peruvian Guano. The impression is, that either the Guano was adulterated or defective, or that it was seriously damaged by the severe rains.

Peruvian Guano should be purchased from those venders who are well acquainted with the article, and who are known to be reliable. From what we have learned by observation, we judge that planters had better become their own manipulators of fertilizers. One hundred pounds to the acre of pure, genuine Peruvian Guano, as the basis, which contains as much ammonia as our lands really require, with 160 lbs per acre of Mexican Guano or the Bone Manures, mixed well with the former, would be a cheaper and more enduring fertilizer than the Peruvian alone, or the ordinary manipulated manures. Rotation of crops, and seeding down in wheat and clover to rest, would accomplish wonders in the improvement of our lands.

BRING OUT YOUR CANDIDATES.

Registration will soon commence. It is presumable that every gentleman, who will consent to be a candidate, will desire to secure as large a vote as possible. We believe it impossible to obtain a full registration in North Carolina, without an active canvass, *before registration*, by the candidates for the Convention. Decent people, who are properly interested in the welfare of the country, cannot consent to employ the agencies of secret political associations, to do dirty work for them. So far as the members of the secret leagues and other such political agencies are concerned, they may be managed by the leaders and whipped into the traces as they please; but *freemen* will not be controlled by such agencies. Too many of our people are faint-hearted, discouraged, or too much disgusted to register or take any part in the matter, unless they are urged to the duty by our wisest and best men. We therefore urge that, in every County in the State, proper candidates for the Convention be brought out, at once.

THE LEGISLATURE.

As yet, there is no information here as to the purpose of Gen. Sickles, in regard to the meeting of the Legislature. As he has not, before this, announced his purpose to prevent its meeting, it is fair to presume that he will present no impediment, and that, therefore, the Legislature of North Carolina will convene in this City, on Monday, the 19th, of the present month, according to adjournment.

Some of the members from the transmontane Counties must leave home in a few days, in order to reach here in time. Upon the presumption that the question of a Penitentiary will be the chief matter of inquiry, if the Legislature should assemble, it will be seen that Gov. Worth has dispatched Prof. Kerr to Deep River, to investigate the claims of that region to its location.

LARGE SALE OF LANDS.

R. W. Best, Esq., Secretary of State, left for New York, on Monday last, to close, as Agent, a bargain for the sale of 50,000 acres of State lands, and from 70 to 90,000 acres of lands owned by Col. Bryson, and others, perhaps, of Jackson, lying in the Counties of Jackson, Macon and Cherokee, to the American Agricultural and Mineral Company. This Company was chartered by the last Legislature, and its headquarters are in New York. Several Northern gentlemen, as well as citizens of the State, comprise the Company. We learn that it is the purpose of the Company to put upon these lands, in a short time, 20,000 sheep, for wool-growing. Besides this, several thousand laborers will be employed in mining, &c. We hope this is but the beginning of a large ingress of industrious, enterprising people into the State.

NEW CHARTERS.—Gov. Worth has recently granted, according to act of Assembly, a charter to the Cabarrus Mining Company, for the purpose of the mining and manufacturing of ore. The capital stock of the Company is not to exceed $600,000.—The Company has already, we believe, purchased mining lands in Cabarrus County and will go to work at once. The corporators are: Thaddeus Stevens, ("old Thad!") E. B. French, Jno. F. Farnsworth, Harmon C. Judd and C. F. Peck, Esquires.

Also, recently, a charter to the Blakesley Mining Company of Mecklenburg, with a capital stock not to exceed $300,000, composed mostly of Northern gentlemen.

We are glad to see these movements. They indicate, at least, some confidence in the future, and are evidence that the resources of North Carolina are beginning to be appreciated abroad.

ANOTHER ROW IN TENNESSEE.—Another serious collision took place in Tennessee at a political meeting on the 25th ult.,—this time at Knoxville. Gen. Frank P. Blair, who was addressing a large Conservative meeting, was frequently interrupted in his remarks by negroes, who cheered heartily for Brownlow. Towards the close of his speech, a fight commenced, in the course of which two negroes were wounded.

Large numbers of Brownlow's militia, white and black, are continually passing through Nashville *en route* to different points in Middle and Western Tennessee. Hardware stores are being extensively patronized, and fire-arms of every kind are being largely purchased by both whites and blacks.

The elections take place to-day, and it is greatly to be hoped that the Federal troops will be so distributed as to prevent the bloodshed, which has been invited by Brownlow and his minions.

GENERAL SICKLES IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* states that Gen. Sickles has placed under arrest some of his subordinate officers in the old Old North State, on account of their interference with political affairs in that portion of his military district. The arrested officers, it is stated, had been only delivering radical speeches, and denouncing rebels.—*Norfolk Journal.*

So far as we know, there is not a word of truth in the above, so far as it relates to North Carolina. We have heard of but one individual in the State, who has been delivering "radical speeches," while an officer of the army. Before Lt. Deweese's resignation, we heard of his making "radical speeches," but he is the only one that we have heard of, and since his resignation we believe he finds it more profitable to attend to his office of Register in Bankruptcy. Nor have we heard of any arrest of an officer in this State for any cause. We presume the whole thing is a fabrication.—*Sentinel.*

PENITENTIARY.—Prof. Kerr, State Geologist, has lately returned from his explorations in the Mountain counties, and, at the request of Gov. Worth, left this city, on yesterday, for Deep River, for the purpose of examining fully into the resources and capabilities of that region for the location of a State Penitentiary. He is to report in time for the Legislature. It is believed that no section of the State offers as strong inducements for building a Penitentiary cheaply, and for sustaining it at so small expense as that region.

SHERIDAN.

None of the five District Commanders have evinced the inclination to carry matters with so high a hand as the irascible little individual that lords it over Louisiana and Texas. The telegraph announced, on yesterday, that he had removed Gov. Throckmorton, of Texas, as he had previously done Gov. Wells. His whole administration has been insubordinate to the President and tyrannical towards the people, over whom he is placed. He is just now "the toast" with the ultra-Radical malignants, and we should not be surprised if he is made a formidable competitor of Gen. Grant for the next Presidency. Sheridan feels the necessity of keeping himself prominently before the public eye by some extravaganza, as his military record, when analyzed, will be found utterly insufficient to bolster up the factitious reputation which he has managed to obtain.

PITTSBORO'.—We regret to learn that the people of Pittsboro' and of Chatham county, generally, are almost entirely cut off from the outer world for the want of mails. But one mail is received at Pittsboro' per week, and that from Greensboro'. Portions of the county are almost entirely destitute of mail facilities. We learn that this subject has been brought to the attention of Dr. Jobe and the Postmaster General, and we trust the Department will relieve the people of Pittsboro' and Chatham. No people deserve more the consideration of the government in this regard.

Tide Water Correspondence.

From our own Correspondent.

A WORD ABOUT POLITICS.

NEWBERN, N. C., July 31, '67.

We venture to say no city in North Carolina has been more thoroughly revolutionized by the war than Newbern. Externally it has been shorn of half its beauty; socially it has suffered irreparable losses; politically it has fallen into the hands of the Philistines. It is to this last misfortune we now refer. The decadence of partyism, public spiritedness, or patriotism, whatever it may be called, is not less marked than the ravages of fire and the sword, or the sad mutations of time and casualty in the coteries of society. And why? The same active partizans who formerly waged a war of words in caucus or on the stump are here; there are issues both local and State to excite their endeavors; and dangers threaten our liberties on every side; yet one rarely hears a political discussion, and our leading men pursue their avocations apparently regardless of the progress of events, and profoundly indifferent to the momentous questions of the day. One unanimous sentiment seems to pervade the community, (we refer exclusively to the Southern portion of it,) and that may be found in Micawber's heroic resolution to wait for something to turn up. Yet it would be a mistake to attribute this withdrawal from politics altogether to apathy or indifference.

It is rather the inertia of hopelessness—the forced realization of our weakness and the certain prospect of overwhelming defeat at the polls.

Since the reinforcement of the Republican party by the African corps, Newbern has had nothing to expect but a long continuance of Radical rule. This may seem surprising to some, but it is easily explained. When Newbern fell, in March, 1862, almost all her male population fled into the Confederacy, where they were compelled to take office under the Confederate or State governments to obtain a livelihood for themselves and families. All such are now disfranchised. And as this class embraces nearly all our leading citizens, there is little or no interest taken in politics, and no organization among the Conservatives whatever.

The Radicals on the other hand do not permit a moment to pass without a strenuous effort to perfect their combinations. Each Ward has its "Association," where gaping crowds are nightly harangued by questionable characters, who gild specious arguments with the rhetoric of the bar room, and instil pernicious doctrines into minds too ignorant to see their falsity. The poor deluded blacks are entrapped into leagues, societies, clubs, and even religious associations, wherein they swear to support and vote with the Republican party. It is not difficult to foresee the result. Newbern will go tremendously radical at the first election, and perhaps we shall send you up a colored Senator or Representative.

QUARANTINE.

On and after to-day all vessels arriving at this post are to be quarantined, except such as ply exclusively in the waters of the State. The wisdom of this arrangement will be made manifest when we mention that there is an exceedingly rigid quarantine at Hatteras Inlet, through which all sail going vessel must pass, and that the probabilities of an epidemic breaking out during the *nine hours run up the Neuse* are very great! However, one should not criticise our august fathers too severely, for they hav'nt been long in this country, and it is open to conjecture whether nature originally intended them for aldermanic seats.

DON'T HARMONIZE.

Dame rumor whispers of a row in the Radical camp. It is well understood here that Col. David Heaton will be put forward, at the proper time, as a Republican candidate for Congress. Recently, however, a new aspirant for Radical honors has appeared in the person of one Ellsworth, a native of Maine, called by courtesy "Reverend," and at present officiating in the pulpit of the Congregational chapel in this place. Ellsworth has been haranguing the blacks about "their rights," "equality," and such slang, and succeeded in building up a radical wing to the Radical party; whereupon his claims give great uneasiness to the Conservative or Meninger wing, who go for Heaton. In Ellsworth's train comes Lawyer Carpenter, who envieth George Nason's berth in the Post-office. A third conspirator aspires to the perquisites and emoluments of the Custom House.

These little differences threaten to cause a split in the party, and we shall watch the progress of the matter with interest, taking some consolation from the old adage that when theives fall out, honest men obtain their own.

NO MAIL ON SUNDAY.

Apropos of the Post-office, we have an announcement that the trains on the Atlanic and North Carolina R. R. will be discontinued on Sunday, on and after the coming Sabbath. This deprives us of a mail on that day and will be found to be a serious inconvenience. It is understood that the change has been made for economical purposes, and that alone.

SAMBO IN THE JURY BOX.

In a former letter we mentioned that at the recent session of our County Criminal Court, Judge Green directed the empanneling of a *petit* jury irrespective of color.—Sheriff Ballenger, who had been wearing out his walking-sticks in a fruitless endeavor to capture twelve freeholders, was greatly rejoiced thereat, and, without loss of time, made a brilliant dash on the Post-office corner, where African gentlemen of leisure do most congregate, and speedily returned with the necessary complement. Sambo, not slow in comprehending the dignity of his new position, forthwith elongated his shirt-collar and assumed an expression of gravity that made His Honor's benevolent features seem actually playful. But the experiment was not attended with those happy results which would have been gratifying to the advocates of equality before the law. Sambo soon began to evince a tendency to lay down the law himself. Said Juror Tucker, "You needn't tell me about the law, nor what the Judge says, nor what the lawyers say. Any colored person who can read and write is as well qualified to interpret the law as they are. For my part, I don't agree with the Judge," &c. In this, however, he was not sustained by his colleagues, one of whom, being asked what grounds he had for thinking Lewis Albritton guilty, replied that, "as for the robbery, he couldn't say; but that Albritton was a mean nigger and deserved hanging, had been proved by lawyer Clark to the satisfaction of any man." Whereupon an old uncle at my elbow said, "I don't believe in dis puttin' niggers on de jury box, for dey haint got no reliabilness, and dey'd hang a nigger jes to please de white folks."

But the greatest failure was in the case of Allen White, a negro, charged with attempt at rape. There were five negroes on the jury, all of whom held out for acquittal for three days, or until they were discharged. The prisoner was then *released on his own recognizance*, and the case goes on. It is probable that White will go *off*.

There is a strong disposition to censure Judge Green for his course in this matter. It is considered that his action was, to say the least, unnecessarily hasty, and a communication will appear in the *Journal of Commerce* to-morrow, from the pen of one of the clearest thinkers in this section of the State, which takes a much more severe view than that. The writer cites the oath taken by the Judges of the Superior Court, wherein they swear to obey and enforce the laws of North Carolina against all letters or *orders* emanating from any other power or author ity, &c., and also the oath required of our Justices of the Peace, who are bound to select such persons only, as jurors, who are *freeholders* and *well qualified*, &c. Pursuing that train of thought and applying it to Judge Green's action, you have the writer's inference.

It will be contended, that the Reconstruction acts and Gen. Sickles' orders have rendered the admission of the freedmen to jury privileges imperatively necessary. But as the judges draw their pay from the State, and have sworn to sustain the State laws, we should consider it a matter of conscience and act accordingly.

The opinion is rapidly gaining ground that the County Criminal Courts are not desirable. If the legislature should assemble in August, a petition will be presented for the abolishment of that Court for this County. It is looked upon as an expense without a benefit.

MARKETS, CROPS, &C.

Corn, cotton, and naval stores are bringing high prices at present. Corn cannot be had this week for less than $1.30. Turpentine will bring $3.30. Of fish we have a firm supply. Pickled mullets, in cyprus barrels, at 7@9.

Reports from Hyde promise a poor corn crop. Some farmers from that county have already been to Newbern to purchase bacon. When Hyde County buys corn and bacon, it is high time for other sections to be economical.

R. A. S.

A VILE ATTACK UPON THE PRESIDENT.—Forney's *Chronicle* republishes from the Cincinnati *Gazette* what purports to be the testimony given before the Impeachment Committee of some man whose name is suppressed. He swears that he saw Mr Johnson and J. Wilkes Booth engaged in a conversation in Washington city a few days after Mr. Johnson's arrival there in 1865, and of course previous to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. He left the two so engaged. He also swears that Mr. Johnson had a woman of bad reputation with him at the Metropolitan. These shameless enemies of the President stickle at nothing. They would disgrace their country to gratify their malice.

Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., has been charged with insubordination by the Rev. Dr. Stubbs, rector of the parish in New Brunswick, New Jersey. The sixth section of the 12th Canon of the Church prohibits a minister from officiating within the parochial cure of another unless he has received permission. Mr. Tyng filled a Methodist pulpit in New Brunswick, whereupon Dr. Stubbs has brought charges against him before the Bishop of New Jersey, and the question is thus raised whether it is in violation of the church canon for an Episcopal clergyman to preach in a church belonging to another denomination without the permission of the rector of the parish.

A few days ago a young lady of Alexandria committed suicide by jumping from a ferry-boat into the Potomac. Her body was recovered on Friday and Coroner Stoutenburg proceeded to hold an inquest. Six white and six colored men were summoned as jurors, and while they were being sworn in an excitement was occasioned by the brother and brother-in-law of the deceased protesting against colored jurors holding an inquest on the body of their sister. They both argued strongly against the propriety of such a course, and said had they supposed twelve white men could not have been procured as jurors, they would have taken the body to Maryland and have obtained a white jury there. The protest was disregarded, the inquest proceeded and a verdict was rendered. It is said that one white man who was summoned as a juror refused to serve with colored men.

It is stated in Washington that a well laid plan to hatch up evidence for the prosecution in the Surratt trial has just been discovered by the treachery of one of the persons engaged in it. Important testimony to prove Surratt's presence in Washington on the night of the murder was made up and committed to memory and three or four persons were supplied and ready with other evidence in corroboration. One of the plotters, however, betrayed the plan to Mr. Bradley, and the rest, learning of the disclosure, abandoned the enterprise.

The Cassville (Missouri) *Republican*, of the 17th instant, says a little daughter of a Mr. Martin, of Barry county, only eight years old, deliberately shot and killed a brother of four years. She said she killed him "because he pulled her flowers," and declared "if the other children pulled any more of them, she would shoot them too." Mr. Martin, on hearing the pistol shot, went to his house and found the infant murderess, besmeared with blood, dragging her mangled brother from the room into the yard. A physician who was called in to extract the ball intimates that the girl was insane. The affair occurred on the 4th instant.

EQUALITY.—The Columbus (Ohio) *Journal*, one of the most ultra Radical papers in the country, says:

"The proposition that the right of suffrage carries with it any social rights is a monstrous absurdity. And would the extension of the right of suffrage to the negro entitle him to *equal rights*, which even white men have not, never had, and, in the nature of things, never can have?"

Our Richmond Correspondence.

RICHMOND, Va., July 30th.

DEAR SENTINEL:—Since my arrival in this City, it has been so unusually quiet and so devoid of news, that I have refrained from writing; and even now I scarcely know what to write to interest your many readers, though I start out with a full determination to say something in the way of redeeming my promise, when I left the "old Oak City," trusting that this *something* may prove acceptable.

To one who has not visited "the City of Hills," so well known in the "by gone days," since its "fall," I may say it presents now a splendid view, in the magnificence of its large newly-erected buildings on the ruins of the late burnt portion. Spacious store houses now loom up, crammed with an abundance of Dry Goods of every description, and other articles needful for the comfort of man, and the ruins of the past are fast giving way to the hands of the artizans. The principal portion of Main street, it will be recollected, was burned on the night of its evacuation. Nearly all of it has been rebuilt, and the buildings erected are so much handsomer, that it must be said that the fire has added improvement. Besides the above, the large flouring establishments of the Haxalls and Crenshaws, and others, now in successful operation, all rebuilt since that time, are turning out daily their famous brands of Southern flour.—Other parts of the city show signs of great improvement and busy life.

The Capitol and its grounds are the same they have remained for years. The same old unsightly State House, with a saddened appearance, as if for its former days. The same old worn-out benches for the *now* weary freedmen, being quite forsaken by the whites. The same boards nailed to the trees, bearing their solemn warning, "Don't walk on the grass, nor sleep on the benches," greet the eye at every turn. But little attention was paid to the admonition on the "glorious Fourth," just passed, when Hunnicutt, Wardwell & Co., with their thousands of dusky freedmen, with the latter's numerous attendants of little "dittos," with their banners, fifes, drums and all the ingredients that go to make up a modern negro celebration, assembled to give vent to their patriotic (?) feelings. They literally "pawed" the grass to their hearts' content, so that now the grounds adjacent have quite a woe begone air; and also did they *sweat*, too. The statues of Washington, Jefferson, Patrick Henry and others have quite an elegant iron railing enclosing them, recently manufactured in this city by one of her foundries. It is very plain, quite neat in appearance, adding greatly to the *tout ensemble* by its elegant simplicity of workmanship. This idea of enclosing the statues is certainly a capital one. It is at the foot of these splendid monuments of our country's honored, that itinerant Radicals, stationary ones, also, collect their crowds of "Niggers" and mean white men, and here retail their pestiferous bile and slander of the South three or four times per week. It's a blessing that the sacred place is thus cut off from the contamination of these foul mouthed birds, who have heretofore flapped their wings of stench over this beloved spot.

The whole of this beautiful spot is shunned, to a great degree, by the respectable white portion of the city, especially the ladies, whose former favorite promenade it was. It is now entirely avoided by them It is yielded up to Mr. "Nigger," Mrs. N., and all the little Nigs, with their peculiar white friends, laying around on the benches, snoozing about and lolling in their indolence.

The Street Railway is an institution here since the war, and a good one to all those living distantly from the business portion of the city. It extends from the lower end of Main, up that Street, 9th and 9th, to nearly the head of Broad, one of the principal business streets. Neat cars traverse this Railway from 6 A. M. till 9 P. M., affording comfortable rides to the weary.

According to an order of Gen. Schofield, separate cars are run for both white and black—the former's car being distinguished by a white ball on top of said car; the blacks' without the ball. The negroes do not use them to a very great extent, although a great pow-wow was made, as you are aware, some time since, about their rights, &c., before the privilege was accorded them,

Richmond has many fine and elegant Churches, and their pulpits are excellently filled. Among the most prominent ministers are Drs. Hoge and Moore, Presbyterian, Dr. Minnergerode, of the Episcopal, Dr. Burrows, of the Baptist, Revs. Messrs. Langhorne and Sledd, of the Methodist, and others. Bishop Doggett, of the Methodist Church, delivered a fine discourse last Sabbath in the Broad Street Church. Elegant *choirs* are at each of these houses of worship. The celebrated Madame Ruhl is at the Episcopal, and it is, indeed, a treat to listen to her sweet music. There is excellent singing at Dr. Moore's Church, also. You hear the best of *boss voices* from a young gentleman, Mr. Grant, a native of this city, at this latter Church; it has truly a magnificent, deep soul-stirring tone.

The inner man is well taken care of here by the various Hotels, Restaurants, etc., notwithstanding a report, (started by the Correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald* here) which I see was published in your daily with comments, that the three principal Hotels would shortly close. I assure you that those referred to are in full blast, viz: Spottswood, Ballard and Exchange, with no intention or cause for anything of the kind. It is true their patronage, at this time, is limited, but nothing like so small as to cause a suspension or closing up altogether. With no disparagement to others, your correspondent would say to all North Carolinians visiting Richmond, that they will find the Exchange Hotel, by Carrington & Ford, formerly of the American, of this City, the best house in the City. The table is not even surpassed by the Yarborough, under Blair, and is all one could desire. It is the *Southern house here.*

The great Botts, Hunnicutt, Pierpoint *Radical* Convention is to assemble here on Thursday next, the first of August. Botts and others have been here for several days, arranging details. It is thought there will be a grand row and split up.

Hunnicutt & Co. have already pronounced it as merely a mass meeting and not a convention, and will send Black Delegates enough to the meeting or convention to outvote Botts & Co., and pass what will not be so pleasing to the aforesaid Botts and his late more Conservative adherents. In that event it is reported that Botts & Co. will withdraw and have a Convention of their own. We will no doubt have a rich, rare racy time of it.

I will try and write you of the above. Until then *adieu*. Yours, &c.

"GRAPHO."

The recent importation of coolies into Louisiana has caused the meaning of the recent acts of Congress regarding the matter to be generally ventilated. The laws, it appears, refer to their transportation in American bottoms from their native land, and it is still a question whether their importation from Havana to this country is in contravention of the law.

The Legislature of Connecticut adjourned on Saturday *sine die*. The constitutional amendment allowing universal suffrage was rejected by a vote of yeas 93, nays 111.

DIED,

In Wilmington, on the 26th, ult., Mrs. MARY BEERY, aged 26 years, wife of Wm. L. Beery, of that city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the June number of the Insurance Monitar, New York.

Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co., Hartford, Conn.

THE POTENCY OF THE CREATIVE POWER inherent in true and great principles, is exemplified by the history of this great company. It commenced its career at the close of the year 1846, without a dollar of original capital, and is now in possession of assets amounting to nearly Fifteen Million Dollars.

It is purely mutual in plan, and the number of its policy holders exceeds forty two thousand, which proves it to be numerically the largest life insurance company in the United States. Its record is unparalleled, and so unblemished as to afford its members three sources of complete satisfaction—the past, the present, and the future.

In the first place we will say a few words of the past. As Daniel Webster declared, the past at least is secure. No one can alter or deny that. Other companies can predict, promise, and boast of the future, but which of them can point to so many facts that it has accomplished and so much good that it has done in the past, as can the Connecticut Mutual Life? The immense amount it has paid to the widows and orphans of its deceased members rises, like a monument, to its honor, and now amounts to at least Six Million Dollars. In a single year, 1866, it disbursed to such bereaved ones over, one Million and Twenty Thousand Dollars, issued over fourteen thousand new policies to the heads of other families, and received an income amounting to over Six and a Half Million Dollars.

But this is far from all. To the insured, as well as to their heirs, the company has proved a great material consolation and profit. It has, in its time, paid to its living members nearly Four Million dollars in dividends, an average of over 50 per cent. annually, and in 1866 its yearly dividend exceeded Five Hundred and Forty-one Thousand dollars.

And we are now speaking of nothing problematical, contingent, or promissory, but of sums actually paid and work fully performed. It has been accomplished, too, without the loss of a single dollar by investments, although they more than doubled the principle, and by management, which, for the size of the company, appears to be the least expensive of any.

The writer might well be excused if he paused to contemplate and to expatiate at length on achievements so beneficent, surprising and vast. They present a theme upon which the orator, the philanthropist, the political economist, and the statistician might dilate with enthusiasm for hours, but to them and the reader, doubtless included in the enumeration, we leave this pregnant subject for meditation and eloquence, and proceed in our bare statement of facts not because the topic does not attract us, nor because we have grown lukewarm in the good cause of which this company is the active and practical embodiment, diffusing peace, plenty, contentment and blessing on many thousand hearths, but because, once launched in a channel so fluent and suggestive, we should find it impossible to confine our remarks within the limits to which they are restricted.

Of the company's present a few words may also be appropriately said. Of its immense assets we have already spoken. They include the most indubitable evidence of its intrinsic prosperity, the very backbone of Life Insurance security, a clear net surplus, larger by two millions than that of any other Life company in the country, namely, $5,198,569.96. This is a reserve from which all liabilities are excluded, and places the institution in absolute security, beyond all possible contingencies.

Although the Connecticut Mutual assumes none but eligible risks, it is now advancing with its accustomed increasing ratio, issuing over a thousand new policies every month, and therefore, in speaking of its future, it is hardly possible for even the most sanguine to calculate its promised growth and magnitude without being dazzled by the brilliancy and extent of the prospect.

The great advantage enjoyed by this company consists in its possession of a working President, and officers who have identified themselves with its true interests. President Guy R. Phelps does not think it beneath him, and never neglects to attend to the minutest detail of its management and economy. Nothing escapes his vigilant and unremitted supervision, and the sound judgment, diligence, enterprise and integrity which characterize him, Vice-President Z. Preston, and Secretary W. S. Olmsted, seem, in a measure, to pervade the whole executive force of the company, and though it has discarded many sources of profit by rendering its policies non-forfeitable and by affording every possible facility and indulgence to its members in making their payments, so judiciously and economically have its affairs been conducted that its receipts from interest alone, (which for the last year amounted to $1,128,782.87) have proved more than sufficient to pay its entire losses.

With its past, its present and its future prospects its members have accordingly every reason to congratulate themselves, and to feel, as every man should, that it is an honor and a privilege, as well as a duty and benefit, to belong to so great and admirably managed a company.

S. D. WAIT,
Gen'l Agent,
Aug 1-1tdwasw Raleigh, N. C.

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.

5000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.

3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.

6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.

HOSIERY and GLOVES
HATS and BONNETS,
RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.

Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES AND BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Aug 1-302-tf No. 16 Fayetteville St.

WANTED.

A situation as Teacher, (in a private family preferred,) by a young Lady who has had several years' experience in teaching English, French and Music.

Best references given.

Address, MISS "H. H. H.,"
care of Dr. R. B. RICHARDSON,
Burnt Ordinary,
Aug 1-302-2w* James City County, Virginia.

TWO FINE MILK COWS, WITH YOUNG Calves, for sale.

Apply to
B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 1-302-tf

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, AND Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' Hats, at greatly reduced prices, at

M. ROSENBAUM.
Aug 1-302-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, up *stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES R. HILL.
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Sugar and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.

mar 29-138-1y

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledges of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewal premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 25½ per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington,
or SEATON GALES,
July 4-289-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars, assets, all belong to and are under the control of, its Policy holders, which now exceed 11,000, and notwithstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, and over 1,020,000 dollars to widows and orphans, there is now a surplus of over

6,000,000 DOLLARS.

This Company's Notes cannot be assessed, (nor even deducted from the Policy, as in a Stock Company, in case of death,) except on the limited endowment plan, but are canceled by anticipated dividends.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

July 18-293-3m

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making Certain Provision for one's Family."

BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any sole Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policey, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.

Dr. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Examiner.—Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

July 27-220-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

FOR SALE.

In the town of Newton, on the Western N. C. R. R., and near the celebrated Catawba White Sulphur Springs,

A HALF ACRE LOT ON MAIN ST.

one square from the Court House, with good Dwelling containing six rooms, office, stables and other out buildings, with a well of very good water.

Also, within the town limits,

NINE ACRES OF LAND,

five of which are well timbered with Oak and Hickory.

For particulars, apply to

L. M. RUDISILL.
July 24-285-2w* Newton, N. C.

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE RESIDENCE, in a convenient and pleasant part of the city.

Also, a vacant lot of about one fourth of an acre, very desirable for a building lot.

Terms moderate and to suit purchasers.

Apply to
MRS. MARY E. GORMAN.
July 31-301-1w Executrix.

SITUATION WANTED,

As Teacher, in a Classical School, by a young man of several years' experience, competent to teach the Classics and higher Mathematics.

Best references given and required.

Address Box No. 69, Fayetteville, N. C

July 31-301-2aw3t.

WE HAVE A SECOND HAND BUGGY AND Harness for sale, cheap.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 25-297-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE,

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1867.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

[Reported Specially for the Sentinel.]

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES *VS.* TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKINS.

WEDNESDAY, July 31, 1867.

Jessie Reynolds, sworn: Live in Fayetteville, am 22 years of age; was at the market house the day Archy Bebee was killed. Saw Tolar, John Maltsby, Tom Powers and "Monk;" about a hundred or more persons there; heard Maltsby say "if Archy was not guilty, he (Maltsby) was Archy's friend; but if he was guilty, he was in for it." Saw Bebee come down, and Miss Massie a little while before him; saw Powers catch hold of Bebee, and Wemiss push him off. Saw "Monk" go up to Bebee at the same time. Bebee was shot soon after leaving the arch. Don't know who fired the pistol. Did not see Tolar when the pistol fired.

Cross-examined:—Never saw Maltsby do anything that day; saw the prisoner, Bebee, brought down stairs. Powers caught hold of the prisoner, but was pushed off; did not see him have a knife. "Monk" had a knife in his right hand; was about ten or twenty feet from Bebee when he was shot; saw Sam Phillips there about five minutes after Bebee was shot; had a pistol in his hand about ten inches long; he was rubbing the pistol; did not see any body else have a pistol; know Capt. Tolar.

Re-direct:—Maltsby said, "if Archy was not guilty, he (Maltsby) was his friend, but if Archy was guilty, he (Maltsby) was in for it." Phillips seemed to be scratching the rust off his pistol about five minutes after he was shot.

Henry Hagan, (negro,) sworn: Lived in Fayetteville; live now in Raleigh; am shoemaker by trade; was at the market house the day of Bebee's trial. Saw "Monk" in the crowd, when Archy was up stairs; also Mr. Sykes and Mr. Simmons; saw the boy Bebee coming down stairs.—Hardie and Wemiss were with him, saw the crowd rush towards Bebee; Sykes and "Monk" were in it; heard Tom Powers say "I demand the prisoner," or something to that effect; did not see any weapons then. After Bebee got out on the side-walk, heard somebody say "shoot him," "shoot him;" saw Capt. Tolar fire the pistol and Bebee fall. John Armstrong was the nearest man to Tolar when he fired. Heard some one in the crowd ask if Bebee was shot, and, being answered "yes," pulled off his hat and said "hurrah! hurrah!"

Cross-examined. Have had some conversation with Phillips about this matter since I have been here. Phillips and Nixon came round to my shop and asked me about the matter. I told them I saw Capt Tolar fire the pistol, and that was about all. Phillips came after me and told me to go before Gen. Avery. Was about three or four feet from the sidewalk when the pistol fired; was about seven feet from Bebee at the same time; did not see Bebee fall down before he was shot. Did not see Tolar before I saw him in the act of shooting. I saw him fire the pistol and either put it under his left arm or in his left pocket; saw him throw back his shawl and it struck Armstrong in the face or on his shoulder. I was about four feet from Tolar. Armstrong was nearer.

Re-direct:—Had a conversation with Phillips last Saturday. Mr. Nixon was present.

Court adjourned until this (Thursday) morning, 11 A. M.

STATE BONDS.—The public has been notified by the Public Treasurer, that, until the 10th day of August, he will receive sealed proposals for the purchase of the new issue of internal improvement bonds, amounting to $800,000. No bid received less than par. These bonds are issued to meet the State's pledge to aid in completing the Western North Carolina Railroad. This amount will be required to extend the Road, now completed to Morganton, to the Blue Ridge. The importance of this Road to the development of our Western counties is immense. When completed, it will traverse one of the finest regions of country in the Union. The wealth of our trans-montane counties is incalculable.

"DIXIE COOKERY: OR HOW I MANAGED MY TABLE FOR TWELVE YEARS."—We have received the work, bearing this title, by Mrs. V. C. Barringer, of Concord. It is very favorably criticised by the Press, and is doubtless the very thing that housekeepers need. We have turned our copy over to a lady, who will test some of the numerous receipts, and give the public her opinion through the columns of the *Sentinel*.

"GRAPHO."—It will be seen that we have added another to our corps of correspondents. "Grapho" will keep our readers posted as to matters and things in the Capital of Virginia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Two fine Milch Cows, with young calves, for sale: Apply to B. P. Williamson & Co.

A young lady of several years' experience desires a situation as Teacher: Address Miss H. H. H., care of Dr. R. B. Richardson, Burnt Ordinary, James City County, Virginia.

Agricultural Ware-House, Labor-Saving Pump, &c.: Mitchell, Allen & Co., 22 'Pollok St., Newbern.

Co-Partnership Notice: R. H. Cowan & Co., Wilmington. Speaking of this new and excellent firm, the Wilmington *Journal* says:

"By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that a new commission house has been established in this city, under the name and style of R. H. Cowan & Co., of which Col. R. H. Cowan and Majs. Jno. W. Cameron and Jas. H. Hill are partners. The names of these gentlemen and their well known responsibility and business capacity are a sufficient guarantee for their success. Their operations will doubtless be of the most extensive character, and we are assured that their business will be conducted in a manner satisfactory to their friends and customers, and give additional evidence of their capacity and business enterprise. We wish the gentlemen success in their undertaking, and commend the house to public patronage."

Greater bargains than ever: M. Rosenbaum, No. 16, Fayetteville St.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, of all kinds, together with Boots, Shoes, &c.: M. Rosenbaum.

Attention is directed to the flattering statement of the affairs of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, from the New York Insurance *Monitor*.

MAYOR'S COURT.—J. Williamson, charged with assaulting G. A. Lack, was returned to the County Court.

John Whitaker, Co. A, 5th Cav., U. S. T., arrested for being in the City without permission, at night, was lodged in the guard house and turned over to the military authorities.

DECLINES.—We learn that Dr. B. J. Harrison, one of the Registrars for this county, appointed by Gen. Sickles, declines serving.

UNIVERSITY.—His Excellency, Governor Worth, has addressed a circular to each member of the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina, requesting his attendance at a called meeting of the Board, in the Executive Office, in this city, to be held on the 22d of August. Three of the Chairs of the Faculty have recently been vacated by resignation, and, besides the filling of these vacancies, there are other matters of the highest importance to the prosperity, if not the existence, of the University, which require the prompt attention of the Board. We hope every Trustee will be present.

SIAH SAFTHEAD.—Our friend "Wesley," of the Goldsboro' *Morning Star*, pits its correspondent "Siah Safthead" against our corps of contributors. We beg respectfully to decline any comparison between them.—We have no correspondent who peeps into the dark-lantern meetings of Red Strings or of the Leagues, &c. We would dismiss any such at once. Moreover, we have none who attempt the *highfalutin* style of "Siah."

STATE ITEMS.

——James Brinkley, confined in Lenoir jail under sentence of death, and who was to have been hung on the 12th ult., but was respited to the 9th of August, has been granted by his Excellency, Gov. Worth, an extension to the 13th Sept. next.

——Dr. G. W. Blacknall, designated by Gen. Sickles as one of the Granville county registrars, declines to serve in that capacity. He deems himself disqualified.

——The company of Northerners who have purchased the Wilmington *Dispatch*, have engaged Capt. E. A. Paul, formerly of the New York *Times*, and lately of the Washington *Chronicle*, as its editor.

——The Goldsboro' *Morning Star* learns from a farmer in Carteret, that, on going into his corn field early a few mornings since, he was greeted by five black bears, helping themselves to the young corn. Being alone, with no gun, he concluded that a quiet retreat was prudent.

——The venerable Dr. Samuel Wait died at Wake Forest College, on the 29th ult.—His long and useful life was intimately connected with the history of the Baptists in North Carolina, and with Wake Forest College, of which he was for many years the President.

——The Convention of farmers and others, from the border counties of Virginia and North Carolina, met at Danville on Saturday last. The Richmond papers give us the first day's proceedings. There was a large number of persons present, representing the counties of Pittsylvania and Henry, in Virginia, and Caswell, Rockingham and Person, in North Carolina. Much interest was manifested. The society was organized by electing Major Wm. T. Sutherlin, of Danville, President, and Messrs. Wm. Long, of Caswell county, Wm. D. Bethel, of Rockingham county, and John W. Cunningham, of Person county, North Carolina, and T. H. Stamps, of Pittsylvania county, Wm. Martin, of Henry county, Thomas Barksdale, of Halifax county, and W. W. Keen, of Pittsylvania county, Virginia, Vice-Presidents. Several addresses were made.

——A writer in the *Old North State* gives the following account of the evidences of growth about Salem. After speaking of Mr. Vogler's new building, of which our correspondent "Itinerant" gave a recent account, he says:

"Mr. Henry Fries, the very accomplished and gentlemanly proprietor of the Wool and Cotton Mills, is still driving ahead his manufacturing business with renewed energy and spirit, notwithstanding the depressing tendency of the times. This establishment is turning out a better article and a greater variety of fabrics than it did before the war.

There are few men perhaps in the State possessing, in so eminent a degree, the spirit, energy and business tact, that characterize this gentleman; and he justly deserves the patronage and support of our merchants, who should buy his fabrics in preference to the "shoddy goods" from Northern manufacturers.

Among all the merchants, and in every branch of business, we witness the same industry and thrift."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Wednesday Evening Dispatches.

REPUBLICANISM IN CHARLESTON—MORE OF THE COLUMBIA FRACAS.

CHARLESTON, July 31,—M.

A large Republican mass meeting was held here last night—the Freedmen largely predominating. Dr. Mackey, the Collector of Customs, presided. A motion to add to the Vice Presidents the name of U. S. Marshal Epping, was voted down by an overwhelming majority.

After several speeches, resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing their unalterable purpose to carry out, in good faith and without reservation, the Congressional measures looking to restoration; endorsing the platform of the recent Republican Convention in Columbia, and declaring the maintenance of that platform, without qualification, the only evidence in any candidate for public favor of devotion to the great party through whose exertions alone the South can look for restoration.

Gen. Sickles has dismissed magistrate Zenly, of Columbia, from office, for releasing on insufficient bail, without due regard for the public peace for of the gravity of the offence committed, Radcliffe and Daily, the two men who were arrested there, charged with assaulting and beating J. O. Thompson, a northern correspondent, and W. J. Armstrong, of Washington.

The military authorities have re-arrested the accused parties.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 31,—M.

Cotton firm, 27¼.
Turpentine 57¼@58.
Gold $1,40- 5-20 Coupons of '62 $111¼; Georgia 7's 85.

LONDON, July 31,—M.

Consols 94. Bonds 72¼.

Thursday Morning Dispatches.

THE VIRGINIA RADICAL CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, July 31—P. M.

A large number of delegates arrived here on the trains this evening. The streets are alive with colored delegates wearing the blue ribbon, the badge of the last Convention. A large crowd is gathered around the Republican Headquarters on Governor Street. There have been four or five caucuses already to-day, to arrange matters for to-morrow.

Up to ten o'clock to-night, about 300 delegates, white and colored, have arrived. Much more interest is shown by the citizens in the proceedings of this Convention than was evinced towards the last. Among the names of the delegates are the familiar ones, in Virginia, of the Carrington's, Watkins', Flournoy's, Gordon's, Lewis's and others.

Caucuses are being held at the St. Charles Hotel, and at the Clinton House. At the former is being submitted Mr. Botts' address to the people.

The Blacks of the City will be at the Convention *en masse*, as invited to do so by Hunnicutt in a speech last night. To-day those employed in the tobacco factories notified their employers that they would not be at work to-morrow.

The three Hotels for colored people are packed by the arrivals, and in the vicinity of all of them are animated gatherings of black politicians discussing the events of to-morrow. The names of Botts, Hunnicutt, McKenzie, Lewis and Underwood, are being discussed to-night for President of the Convention.

A meeting of Ex-Federal officers was held to night, and resolutions adopted advising co-operation with all who would strive for the restoration of the peace of the country. It appointed fifteen delegates to the Convention.

The following is one of its resolutions:

Resolved, That in the spirit and chivalry of the soldiers who have toiled and suffered, fought and bled, to uphold the emblematic colors of our cause and country, we are disposed to forgive and and forget the past with its errors grievances and calamities, to entertain malice toward none and charity to all, who will now, and for the future, come forward with the open right hand of patriotic fellowship, resolved to make the nation once again happy. And we cordially offer the olive branch, because we feel, in our soldier hearts, secure of the approbation of the no less gallant than generous American people.

The platform of Mr. Botts, which was considered to-night in the caucus of the Conservative wing, was approved. It favors the restoration of the great body of the people to their political rights, but urges the disfranchisement of the more artful leaders. It was stated that the platform has already been submitted to and approved by the other wing of the party.

MERRICK'S SPEECH—CONSERVATIVE REPUBLICANS—REVENUE.

WASHINGTON, July 31, P. M.

Mr. Merrick is making a powerful effort in behalf of Surratt. He has been speaking all day and continues to-morrow.

A delegation from Pennsylvania, representing the Conservative Republican party, called on the President to-day. They represented themselves in no condition to act with the Democratic party, but propose acting distinctly. The President declined giving them advice, expressing himself hopefully, as the issue of the hour was in the people's hands.

Revenue receipts $789,000.

LOUISIANA AND MEXICAN NEWS

NEW ORLEANS, July 31, P. M.

The Board of Levee Commissioners have appointed a committee to visit the North and Northwest to negotiate the Levee bonds which Gov. Flanders will sign.

The Board of Health declare Galveston an infected port, and request the Governor to include it in his proclamation. Only two cases of yellow fever have been reported in this city.

The latest Rio Grande dates furnish the following official information:

On the 8th inst. Vidvarri was apprehended and immediately put in the Chapel, and at 4,50 P. M., was shot.

The *Ranchero* has the following:

The execution of Gen. Castello and other Imperial officers, at Queretaro on the 9th, is confirmed. They were put through a mock trial.

Blood is thicker than water throughout the whole of Mexico.

The feeling is apparently unanimous for Juarez fort next President. On the other hand Juarez is continually assuring the people that he will never again be a candidate.

Canales and Gomez are causing great trouble in the Southern portion of Tamaulipas.

The state forces are moving forward to be used in crushing Canales and Gomez, and the other bands in the centre of the State.

The forces to garrison Matamoras are to be 2,000 men, who had already passed Queretaro.

The Governor of Coahuila has divided his State into Districts, which are to be presided over by Military Commissioners. Their powers are complete and final.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 31, P. M.

Cotton firmer. Sales 3,000 bales, 28.
Flour unsettled. Southern, new, $13@16.
Wheat heavy 2@3 lower. Southern red $2,30@$2,50.
Corn heavy, mixed Western $1,01.
Mess Pork $23,80.
Gold $1.40.

BALTIMORE, July 31, P. M.

Cotton firm and scarce; Middling 27¼.
Flour, high grades, active. Howard Street superfine $10.50. Family $14@$14½.
Wheat advanced 5. White $2,37@$2,75. Red $2,40@$2,55.
Corn, White $1,25. Yellow $1,14@$1,15.

WILMINGTON, July 31, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine steady, 54. Rosin $2,50@$7.

$800,000 N. C. Bonds for Sale.

TREASURY DEPT. OF N. C.
RALEIGH, July 26, 1867.

THE BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS, in consequence of a certificate to them under An Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company to put said Road under contract," ratified 27th. February 1867, having notified me to subscribe for eight hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of said Company, in order to pay said subscription, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned on or before the 16th. day of August, 1867, for the purchase of eight hundred thousand dollars bonds of the State of North Carolina, with coupons for interest at 6 per cent, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year at the National Bank of the Republic in the city of New York, and the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the 1st. July, 1867, said bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000, each.

As collateral security, for the payment of each bond, ten shares of stock in the North Carolina Rail Road Company are mortgaged, in accordance with "An Act to enhance the value of the Bonds, to be issued for the completion of the Western North Carolina Rail Road and for other purposes," ratified 19th. December, 1866.

The aforesaid Bonds are exempt from taxation. No bid for less than par will be entertained.

KEMP P. BATTLE,
July 26-296-td Public Treasurer.

N. C. LEAF LARD.

Perfectly sweet and beautiful, at
July 25-297-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & Co., Richmond, Va. — BRANCH, SONS & Co. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24½
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	16
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	46
" Roxboro'	52
" Thomasville	52
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	14
" Wilmington	24
" Yanceyville	9
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	46c
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	23
" " Lexington	16
" Commerce	16
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	25
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	23
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.,	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	45
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	18@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	18@20
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@50
EGGS	10@15
FLOUR	14 00@20 00
FODDER	1 50
HERRINGS	86 75@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr lb.
" Dry	12@
HAY	$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 45@1 50
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7@@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	60@ 00
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and in demand at above quotations. Corn scarce and in demand. Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to market. Supply of Bacon equal to demand, but prices advancing under the influence of Northern quotations.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.
July 11-287-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A VACANCY.

The subscriber wishes to employ a Female Teacher who is an adept in music.

JAMES S. DAMERON.
Raffin Station, N. C.
July 30-300-1t

BEST KEROSINE OIL.

Lamps and Wicks.
6 doz. Collins & Co's Axes.

J. BROWN,
July 24-296-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CORN!

CORN!!

CORN!!!

Three hundred Bushels just received and another lot daily expected.

BACON!

BACON!!

PRIME HAMS, SHOULDERS & SIDES.

SUGAR.

TEN BARRELS P. R. & REFINED SUGARS.

FAMILY ROE HERRING.

Forty-1 Barrels Wood's celebrated N. C. Roe Herrings, for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 31-301-tf Market Square.

NOTICE.

On the 15th. day of August, 1867, at the residence of the late John F. Sanders, Dec'd, in Johnston County, N. C., I will expose to public vendue, on a credit of six months, the personal property of said deceased, consisting of a fine Buggy Horse and

SOME EIGHT OR TEN FINE MULES

about one hundred head of Cattle, among which is a number of Beef Cattle and about thirty head Milch Cows; one hundred head of Hogs; Corn and Fodder; Farming implements; Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles unnecessary to mention.

WILLIS H. SAUNDERS, Admr.
July 18-293-tf

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,
FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 16-258-tf President.

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental, and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly seasons.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. HOOPER, D. D.

June 21-267-d3m

YADKIN COLLEGE AND
B. F. SEMINARY,
Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45.00.
Entrance, $1.00.
Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address

Rev. G. W. HEGE, A. M.
July 3-278-dawawlaw4w President.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $21.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,

GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.
June 27-272-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.
June 3-253-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-td B. CRAVEN.

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

A Vacancy having occured in the above institution, the Trustees wish to engage teachers for the male and female departments for the balance of the year.

Application must be made immediately, as it is desirable that the school shall commence by the 15th. August.

Address the undersigned at Halifax, N. C.

WM. R. SMITH, Prest.
Scotland Neck, N. C. July 16-291-2aw1m.

CONCORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

The next Session will commence on the first Monday of September and will close on the 20th. of December.

Partial payments will be required in advance. Ninety dollars paid in advance will settle the whole account for tuition, board and contingent fee for the session.

Moderate extra charges will be made for Music, Latin, French, Drawing and Ornamental Penmanship.

For Circulars, address,

J. M. M. CALDWELL,
July 25-297-1wda5ww* Statesville, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,
LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bonack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-6w

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same.

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern,	Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics.	Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—	Prof W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettre—	President W. M. Wingate.

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867. Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22 00. " " " Collegiate Course $30.00.

Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15. Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.
June 29-275-d1aw2m

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M., } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 12-288-3taw4wOct 1.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,
GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th. July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.
June 19-265-2aw6w

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, for sale Cheap, at
April 29-234-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE,
VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE,

made last year.

July 5-281-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.

July 1-276-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,
50 " No. 1. Gross Herrings, Norfolk Inspection,
Barrels Cheese Nots.
Just received and for sale by

July -276-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Presses.
H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,

We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BEG TO REFER TO
A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
G. W. Mordecai, " "
Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Heck, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-tf
Standard and Progress.

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

10 Half Boxes *fine* Chewing Tobacco manufactured in 1863.

Call and see it.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16 291-tf

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,

CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,

manufactured by Kingsbury and Thomas.

Apply early,

July 15-290-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

1000 BUSHELS NICE WHITE CORN just received and for sale.

July 24-296-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

N. C. CIDER VINEGAR, MOLASSES, AND the best N. C. Apple Brandy.

July 24-296-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

THE BEST N. C. FAMILY FLOUR MADE OF new wheat.

July 24-296-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, STARCH AND SOAP just received and for sale.

July 24-296-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

POSTPONED.

Our Fourth Great Auction Sale by Catalogue, of Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Crockery,
Glass and China Ware,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND SHOES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,

is postponed until Wednesday, the 7th. day of August, on which day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at our Store, 58 Fayetteville St., the sale will commence, and continue on Thursday, the 8th.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers, Auction & Commission Merchants.
July 15-290-td

FAMILY GROCERS.

SHOVELS!

SPADES!!

PITCH FORKS!!!

Six Dozen SHOVELS, SPADES and long handled Forks, which will be sold at Baltimore Cost, on account of shippers, by

July 24-296-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

COFFEE MILLS! SIFTERS!!

TWO DOZEN COFFEE MILLS!

THREE DOZEN SIFTERS!!!

AT

Two hundred pounds FLAT IRONS, to which the attention of housekeepers is particularly called, as they will be sold at invoice price to close sales.

July 24-296-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CHOICE RAGS!

We have a fine lot of those choice PUMONA HAMS, which we cannot too highly recommend, and also a supply of N. C. and Baltimore HAMS.

July 23-295-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

BALTIMORE LEAF LARD,
Very nice, at
July 23-295-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

Manufactured by the late Mr. McKnight, of Franklin County. The very *concess* of *sweet!* Try it.

July 23-296-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

PEACHES, APPLES &c.

We have an arrangement, by which we will keep daily supplied with

FRESHLY GATHERED FRUITS.

Just to think of Milk and Peaches, Preserves and Apple Pies! There is something in the contemplation of them akin to the sweet memories of *Strawberries and Cream!*

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

BACON!

BACON!!

BACON!!!

One thousand pounds C. R. Sides, Prime.

One thousand pounds Shoulders and five hundred pounds of those nice SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, are to day received and for sale by

July 25-297-tf DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

HARDWARE!

TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK OF HARDware, I offer to the trade, at reduced price, the following invoice:

2 Doz. Elephant Axes, each 4½ 5¼lbs, 4½ 6lbs., 5 6¼lbs.
3 Doz. No 8 Cards, Cotton,
2 Doz. No. 6 Cards, Wool,
2 Doz. Weeding Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. Hilling Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. S. H. Pitch Forks,
3 Doz. Rowland Shovels,
1 Doz. Spades,
1 Doz. Grub Hoes,
½ Doz. Fry Pans, each 1, $3 75, 2,$4,50, 3,$5 00,
82 lbs. Hook and Eye Hinges,

These articles will be sold low and on accommodating terms, for negotiable paper.

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 27-299-tf

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

One hundred Bushels Prime White meal, just received by

July 15-290-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL
DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
TO THE WEST.
BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1867.

THEY ARE NOT DEAD.

BY FANNY DOWNING.

They are not dead, they do but keep
That vigil, which shall never know
The waking up to grief or woe—
A deeper, painless, quiet sleep—
They are not dead!

They are not dead, although they lie
Within their narrow cells of clay,
Transmuting into dust away;
Since truth and honor cannot die,
They are not dead!

Their scattered graves by thousands rise
From fair Virginia's valleys wide,
To Rio Grande's silver tide,
Beneath the scope of Southern skies.

And long as Southern skies endure
And Southern suns may rise and wane,
Each grave an altar shall remain,
Whose incense Time's warm and pure.

Proud memories and fancies fair—
The love of woman—man's renown,
And childhood's prayers shall flutter down
And meet in sweet commingling there.

With rights no tyranny can wrest,
Our country o'er her soldiers sheds
A radiance as they lay their heads
Like tired children on her breast.

She folds them in her circling arms,
And whispers: "Till the judgment morn,
Safe in your mother's love, sleep on
Forever free from earthly harms!"

Sleep on! they never more will know
The heavy heart, the aching head,
Nor weary march which traced its tread
By bleeding foot-prints on the snow.

No want nor hardship now is found,
No hunger, wretchedness, nor cold;
The carking cares they knew of old
Are merged into a rest profound.

Self-abnegation, suffering, pain,
And all that manhood's might can yield,
In valor on the battle-field,
They gave in vain—yet not in vain!

More precious far their sacred strife,
More lasting and more grand appears
The struggle of their four short years,
Than centuries of common life!

As sailors miler tropic skies
Across the midnight waves look back,
And trace their vessel's onward track,
A path of fire as fast she flies;

So, as the tides of History flow
Their goal its glories shall proclaim,
In lambent lines of living flame,
Which burn the brighter as they go.

The flag they glorified is furled
Upon their hearth-stones desolate;
It's fame and their's reverberate
In ringing echoes round the world!

Forever free! Their diadem
The golden jasmine fondly twines,
And murm'rous musick of the pines
Mourns ever low their requiem.

They are not dead! In shapes sublime
Among us still they live and move,
Our guardians and exemplars prove,
And stamp their impress on the time.

They are not dead—they will not die!
No time nor changes can depart
Their place and presence from our heart,
Where, shrined with God and Heaven, they lie!

Oh! loved with more than mortal love—
Oh! mourned with more than mortal pain—
The angels join our fond refrain
And chant through starry realms above,
"They are not dead!"

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS, MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA; BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS' SUPPLIES; SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES; ALBUMS; PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-240-tf

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC, FOR 1868.

HAVING SECURED FROM THE PARTIES, (who alone have the right to publish Turner's North Carolina Almanac,) the exclusive privilege of selling the same in this State, we would therefore give notice that this is the only "Turner's Almanac" authorized to be published in this State. The Almanac is now in preparation and will be issued in a short time. All who wish to supply themselves with the well known and long established "Turner's N. C. Almanac," are solicited to send in their orders early.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address,
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Opposite National Bank.

Raleigh, July 25-208-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE
NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS
ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-207-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.

Two Virginia Gentlemen wish to take charge of a large Male Academy in one of the Southern States.

They will teach such languages and such branches of the English language as are usually taught in first class schools.

Good references given as to character and qualifications.

Address, 44 Duval Ordinary, James City Co., Va., or E. H. BUSH, M. D.

July 25-208-3w1m*

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
" " Bevelled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.
ALSO,
Spirits Turpentine.
J. BROWN,
July 25-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

20 SHINGLES HOOP IRON—1 and 1¼ inches.
J. BROWN,
July 25-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The Bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold, the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8. In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES,
J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming

I keep no *time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.

May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

NO 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

IN STORE,

50 Boxes Window Glass 8x10 and upwards.
40 Cooking Stoves.
Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,
For HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, June 22-222-tf

LANDRETH'S
FRESH TURNIP SEED.
(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat	Dutch	Turnip.	
" Red	Top	Do.	
" Snow	Ball	Do.	
Large Pomeranian	Globe	Do.	
" Norfolk		Do.	
Purple Top Ruta	Baga	Do.	

Just received at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

July 24-206-tf

MASON'S PATENT
FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,
For Sale by the single one, or dozen.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, June 13-203-tf With HART & LEWIS.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 24, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions: Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same, and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the [illegible] section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restorations.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ____, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ____; that I have resided in said State for __ months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ____, or the parish of ____, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the last time now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general shall thereupon, in such manner as he shall prescribe, ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as hereinbefore specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

Virginia Military Institute,

LEXINGTON, VA.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE IN PROGRESS TO accommodate 100 additional Cadets in this Institution. Its well established character for its system of discipline and course of instruction commends it to the support of those who desire a thorough and practical education.

Information will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
my 18-w1ma2awlltsept. Superintendent

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

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JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
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For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

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Aug. 23-tf

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(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

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We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

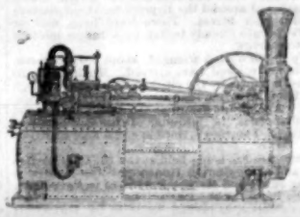
REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. S. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALLS' PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GREITER,
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.

June 20-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT, & CO.
No. 73 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
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OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
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May 15-1867

PIEDMONT SPRINGS FOR SALE.

ON THE 15TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1867, WE shall sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the celebrated watering place known as

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

and 56½ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich-Square, Northampton county, N. C.

TERMS OF SALE: Twelve months credit, bond and approved security with interest from date, title retained till purchase money paid.

M. W. SMALLWOOD, } Trustees.
JOHN TILLERY. }

July 6-283-td

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.
BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose; as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. IF MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

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His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres. N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

W. BOYD,
GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.
Orders and Consignments solicited.
W. BOYD,
June 21-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers,
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
27 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spruce Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE

PIANOS.

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

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TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.
May 22-243-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

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HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

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IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
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RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

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From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
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PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chains,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

For terms of sale, address

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

NEWS PAPER FOR SALE!

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUATED in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms, the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at
July 11-267-1m THIS OFFICE.

MISCELLANE